

Motor vehicle crashes are one of the leading causes of death for young children. A minor crash or even a sudden stop can seriously injure a child who is not riding in the right type of child safety seat.

You can reduce the risk by having your child always ride in a properly fastened and secured safety seat.

USE THIS CHART AS A GENERAL GUIDE TO WHAT SAFETY SEAT YOUR CHILD SHOULD RIDE IN. SEE SEAT AND VEHICLE MANUFACTURERS' INSTRUCTIONS FOR DETAILS.

|                                      | WEIGHT/ HEIGHT   | TYPE OF SEAT                           |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| INFANTS Birth to a minimum of 1 year | Up to 20-22 lbs.<br>or maximum weight<br>limit of the seat | Infant seat or rear-facing convertible |
| TODDLERS 1 to 4 years                | 20-40 lbs.<br>or maximum weight<br>limit of the seat       | Convertible or forward-facing          |
| YOUNG CHILDREN<br>5 to 7 years       | 41 lbs. to 57"   | Belt positioning booster seat          |
| CHILD<br>8 to 12 years               | Greater than 57"   | Seat belt                              |



## WHEN IS A CHILD BIG ENOUGH TO WEAR AN **ADULT SAFETY BELT?**

- 1. Tall enough to sit without slouching, by Massachusetts law over 57"
- 2. Shoulder belt rests comfortably across the shoulder and chest, not the neck or throat
- 3. Lap belt fits securely, low and snug on hips
- 4. Sits with back and buttocks against seat
- 5. Knees completely bend over edge of seat
- 6. Feet are flat on the floor
- 7. Stays comfortably seated this way

## DON'T SKIP A STEP-**GIVE SAFETY A BOOST**

Booster seats put children in the proper position to safely use adult safety belts, and are required by law until children are 8 years old **OR** over 57" tall. Please see chart on front of card for guidance.

- Children 12 and under should always ride in the back seat. Follow vehicle manufacturers' warnings about seating of children near airbags.
- IMPORTANT: Never place a rear-facing infant seat in front of an airbag.
- Never place a shoulder belt behind the back or under the arm.
- Set a good example—70% of children whose parents do not buckle up will not buckle up when they become adults. Wear your safety belt every time! Massachusetts law requires everyone to buckle up.
- Any object in a vehicle can become a projectile in a crash. Use a trunk or cargo area to properly store loose items.
- Learn to properly use your child's safety seat by reviewing the seat and vehicle manufacturers' instructions. If you still need assistance, find a Child Passenger Safety Technician at www.mass.gov/childsafetyseats or call 1-877-392-5956 or TTY 1-617-725-0261.

## SUMMARY - MASSACHUSETTS CHILD PASSENGER **SAFETY LAW (as of 7/10/08)**

- Children must be in a federally approved child passenger restraint that is properly fastened and secured until they are 8 years old **OR** over 57" tall.
- Children ages 8 through 12 must wear a properly fastened safety belt.
- A police officer can stop your vehicle if a child age 12 or under is not properly restrained.